

the subsidy provided is 15% or Rs. 7,500/- whichever is less. Whereas, for the women beneficiaries forming Groups of at least 10 members, known as Development of Women & Children in Urban Areas (DWCUA) groups, there is no ceiling on the project cost, except that maximum subsidy is 50% of the project cost or Rs. 1,25,000/-whichever is less.

(c) and (d) No proposal sent by the State Government of Rajasthan under the scheme of Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY), is pending with the Ministry.

### Housing Boards in States

†3096. SHRI DILIP SINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the names of States where housing boards have been constituted;
- (b) the names of those housing boards which have taken loan and the amount of such loan outstanding against them as on 31st January, 2007;
- (c) the names of those housing schemes run by the Central Government whose implementation has been assigned to these Boards; and
- (d) the details of financial status of the housing boards of Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA): (a) to (c) The States of Haryana, West Bengal and Meghalaya have Housing Boards. The details of loans outstanding against these Boards as on 31st January, 2007 are as under:

	(Rs. in lacs)
	Amount of loan outstanding
Housing Boards, Haryana	110.57
West Bengal Housing Board	1980.26
Meghalaya State Housing Board	19.26

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

Housing Board, Haryana had implemented a part of Nehru Rozgar Yojana namely Urban Employment through Housing and Shelter Upgradation in the year 1989-90 to the extent of drawing funds from Housing & Urban Development Corporation Ltd. (HUDCO) and passing it on for its disbursement amongst the identified beneficiaries. The State Government of West Bengal and Meghalaya have informed that no Housing Scheme run by the Central Government has been assigned to Housing Boards for implementation. The information in respect of other States is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

(d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

### **Homeless poor in cities**

3097. SHRI MAHENDRA MOHAN: Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the vast majority of homeless people are manual workers who contribute their labour to build and maintain city's roads, buildings, flyovers and parks;

(b) if so, what steps Government are taking to recognize the contribution of the homeless poor and provide them even the most basic needs of shelter, toilet and clean water for drinking and bathing; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA): (a) Yes, Sir. A large number of homeless people come from the categories of manual workers engaged in construction activities.

(b) and (c) To address the problems of housing and civic amenities of the homeless poor, Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), launched on December 3, 2005, provides Additional Central Assistance ranging from 50% to 90% of the project cost depending upon State/category of city. Following are the admissible components:

- i. Integrated development of slums, i.e., housing and development of infrastructure projects in the slums in the identified cities.